HOME IDLE LOAD - NRDC STUDY

PIERRE DELFORGE - MAY 12, 2015



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Growing number of devices

□ More are going digital:

o Displays, digital controls, connectivity...

□ Smart meters offer a great new tool for large scale analysis



What is Home Idle Load?



ALWAYS-ON LOADS

Continuous power use by:

- Devices consuming power even in "off" or "sleep" mode
- Devices left on overnight (e.g., set-top boxes, computers, printers)
- Infrastructure appliances using power continuously, such as GFCI outlets

INTERMITTENT LOADS

Power use by devices that are not alwayson, but are active frequently enough for some of their energy use to be captured by the lowest hourly smart meter measurements, such as:

- Refrigerators and freezers
- Furnaces and air-conditioners
- Aquarium heaters
- Humidifiers/dehumidifiers



ACTIVE LOADS

Power use by devices when actively used, such as:

- Lighting
- Kitchen and laundry appliances
- TVs, computers, and other consumer electronics



Study based on three sources of data





Findings: 23 percent of CA residential use

Always-on load represents
 23 percent of residential
 electricity use in CA

Little variation between climates and socioeconomic regions





65 devices per home, 6-7 billion nationally, add up to big power plants and bills





Large range of idle loads





Limited correlations with home age and number of occupants, moderate with home size





Wide range of idle load between homes of similar sizes

- Suggests significant opportunities for reductions in homes with highest idle load
- If all homes reduced their idle load to the level that a quarter of the homes already achieve, idle energy would be reduced by 42 percent on average across all homes, and total residential electricity consumption would be cut by 14 percent.



Home Size (floor area in square feet)



Idle load of one of 10 Audited Homes





Traditional appliances responsible for only 15% of idle load, electronics for roughly half, and miscellaneous electrical loads (MELS) for one third

Idle load by major product category in 10 homes audited



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Top 20 idle load spectrum: from high-power lowoccurrence to low-power high-occurrence



Huge variety and number of idle devices: majority found in just one of the 10 homes audited





What's to do?

Consumer action	 Self-help information and action guides to reduce idle load Buy Energy Star devices where applicable
Manufacturer action	 Design all products for low standby/sleep power Power management strategies (e.g. smart sleep) to minimize on time
Utility programs	 Idle load info on bills, compare with peer groups Targeted programs using energy data analytics
Product labeling	 Allow consumer choice when shopping Allow market forces to deal with idle energy hogs
Efficiency standards	 Mandatory idle load limits for all products Like food safety and car safety standards



Further research opportunities

- □ Extend geographic coverage of research
- □ Extend onsite audit sample size
- □ Assess builder-installed vs. plugged-in-by-occupant loads
- □ Refine intermittent loads estimate (60-min vs. 60-sec data)
- Beyond always-on: "mostly-on" electricity waste
- Natural gas idle loads
- Commercial buildings...



THANK YOU!



